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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/519,319	LI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Dzung D. Tran	2613
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tid d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25. 2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ Th  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers  9)  The specification is objected to by the Examir 10)  The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accompany and applicant may not request that any objection to the	awn from consideration.  /or election requirement.  ner.  ccepted or b) □ objected to by the	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	pjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	Examiner. Note the attached Office	S ACTION OF IOTH F 10-132.
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents of the priority documents.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5)  Notice of Informal   6)  Other:	oate

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 5-8, 10-12, and 14-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kubo et al. (EP 1054524) in view of Oberg et al. US 6,915,075.

Regarding to claims 1, 6, 10 and 15, Kubo et al. disclose a method/apparatus of a WDM layer-based OchP (Optical Channel Protection) device capable of signal transmission on working channels and routing selection for protection channels between the transferred traffic and the WDM system (see FIG.4) comprising:

a transmitting module (transmitting module having operating channels la-4a, switching unit 28a, operating optical terminal unit 21a-24a and standby optical terminal unit 25a and 46a-see FIG.4) and

a receiving module (receiving module having operating optical terminal unit 21b-24b, standby optical terminal unit 25b and 46b, switching unit 28b and operating channels I b-4b-see FIG.4);

the transmitting module and the receiving module each comprising

N working channels (operating optical terminal 21a-24a of transmitting module and optical terminal unit 21b-24b of receiving module ) connected to receiving ends and

to transmitting ends of N working channels of the WDM system respectively (see FIG.4 where in operating optical terminal 21a-24a of transmitting module and optical terminal unit 21 b-24b of receiving module are connected to transmitting end and receiving end of Mux/Demux 26a and 26b);

M protection channels (standby optical terminal unit 25a and 46a of transmitting module and standby optical terminal unit 25b and 46b of receiving module) connected to receiving ends and to transmitting ends of M protection channels of the WDM system respectively (see FIG.4 where in standby optical terminal unit 25a and 46a of transmitting module and standby optical terminal unit 25b and 46b of receiving module are connected to transmitting end and receiving end of Mux/Demux 26a and 26b);

a switching device (switching unit 28a of transmitting part and switching unit 28b of receiving part) designed to switch signals in the working channels to the protection channels and to switch signals in the protection channels to the working channels; wherein M and N are natural numbers and M in switching unit 28a of transmitting part designed to switch signals in the working channels (operating channel la through 4a) to the protection channels when fault occurs on working channels and switching unit 28b of receiving part designed to switch signals in the protection channels to the working channels at the receiving end part and N operating system has N=4 which is greater channels assigned than M standby system has M=2).

Kubo does not specifically disclose that the switching device designed to switch signals according to switching requests from the WDM system. Oberg, from the same

field of endeavor, discloses in Figure 2, a switch 23 that selectively switch signals in the working channels to the protection channels and to switch signals in the protection channels to the working channels in according to switching requests from the WDM system (i.e., by a controller that connected to switch 23, 25). Since, it is well known in the art that a controller is needed for a switch to perform the switching function.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to include the teaching of Oberg in the system of Kubo et al.. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do that in order to switch a specific working channel to a specific protection channel.

**Regarding to claims 2, 7, 11 and 16,** Kubo et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claims 1 and 10). In addition, Kubo et al. disclose the WDM layer-based OChP device further includes: wherein M is greater than 1 (see paragraph [0045] and FIG.4 where in standby channel is assigned by M=2).

Regarding to claims 3, 8, 12 and 17, Kubo et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claims 1 and 10). In addition, Kubo et al. disclose the WDM layer-based OChP device further includes: wherein the switching device of the transmitting module comprises N 50:50 couplers (optical Couplers 31a through 34a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4) and an NxM optical switch (combination of optical switches 35a and 36a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4); one of the two output ports of each coupler being connected to a working channel in the WDM system (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in one of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31

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being connected toa operating optical signal 41a (operating optical terminal unit 21a) of WDM system), the other of the two output ports being connected to an input port of the NxM optical switch (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in other of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31 being connected to an input port of the optical switches 35a and 36a); M output ports of the NxM optical switch being connected to the M protection channels of the WDM system respectively (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in outputs from optical switches 35a and 36a being connected to the standby optical terminal units 25a and 46a of the WDM system); and

wherein the switching device of the receiving module comprises N 50:50 couplers (optical coupler 31a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4) and an MxN optical switch (combination of optical switches 35a and 36a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4), one of the two input ports of each coupler being connected to a working channel in the WDM system (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in one of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31 being connected to a operating optical signal 41a (operating optical terminal unit 21b ) of WDM system), and the other of the two input ports being connected to an output port of the MxN optical switch (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in other of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31 being connected to an output port of the optical switches 35a and 36a); M input ports of the MxN optical switch being connected to the M protection channels of the WDM system respectively (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in inputs from optical switches 35a and 36a being connected to the standby optical terminal units 25b and 46b of the WDM system).

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Regarding to claims 5 and 14, Kubo et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1 and 10). In addition, Kubo et al. disclose The WDM layer-based OChP further includes: wherein said switching device of said transmitting module comprises an Nx (N+M) optical switch (optical switch 28a), the N+M output ports of the Nx(N+M) optical Switch being connected to the Nworking channels (operating optical terminal units 21a through 24a) and the M protection channels (standby optical terminal units 25a and 46a) of the WDM system respectively (see FIG.4 where in switching unit 28a has switching function as four operating channels inputs (N) and output four operating optical terminal units and two standby optical terminal units (N+M) so that (N+M) output ports of the Nx (N+M) optical switches being connected to operating optical terminal units 21a through 24a of the WDM system and standby optical terminal units 25a and 46a of the WDM system respectively); and

wherein the switching device of the receiving module comprises an (N+M) x N optical switch (optical switch 28b), the N+M input ports of the (N+M) x N optical switch being connected to the N working channels (operating optical terminal units 21b through 24b) and the M protection channels (standby optical terminal units 25b and 46b) of the WDM system respectively (see FIG.4 where in switching unit 28b has switching function as input four operating optical terminal units and two standby optical terminal units (N+M) and outputs four operating channels (N) so that (N+M) input ports of the Nx (N+M) optical switches being connected to operating optical terminal units 21b through 24b of the WDM system and standby optical terminal units 25b and 46b of the WDM system respectively).

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3. Claims 4, 9, 13 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kubo et al. (EP 1054524) in view of Oberg et al. US 6,915,075 and further in view of Frascolla et al. (US Pub Number2003/0161629).

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Regarding to claims 4 and 13, Kubo et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claims 1 and 10). In addition, Kubo et al. disclose the WDM layer- based OChP device further includes: wherein the switching device of the transmitting module comprises N 50:50 couplers (optical couplers,31a through 34a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4) and an NxM optical switch (combination of optical switches 35a and 36a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4); one of the two output ports of each coupler being connected to a working channel in the WDM system (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in one of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31 being connected to a operating optical signal 41a (operating optical terminal unit 21a) of WDM system), the other of the two output ports being connected to an input port of the NxM optical switch (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in other of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31 being connected to an input port of the optical switches 35a and 36a); M output ports of the NxM optical switch being connected to the M protection channels of the WDM system respectively (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in outputs from optical switches 35a and 36a being connected to the standby optical terminal units 25a and 46a of the WDM system); and

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wherein the switching device of the receiving module comprises N 50:50 couplers (optical coupler 31a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4) and an MxN optical switch (combination of optical switches 35a and 36a-see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4), one of the two input ports of each coupler being connected to a working channel in the WDM system (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in one of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31 being connected to a operating optical signal 41a (operating optical terminal unit 21b ) of WDM system), and the other of the two input ports being connected to an output port of the MxN optical switch (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in other of the two output ports of each optical coupler 31 being connected to an output port of the optical switches 35a and 36a); M input ports of the MxN optical switch being connected to the M protection channels of the WDM system respectively (see paragraph [0040]; FIG.2 and FIG.4 where in inputs from optical switches 35a and 36a being connected to the standby optical terminal units 25b and 46b of the WDM system).

Even though Kub0 et al. disclose N 50:50 coupler couples to NxM optical switch, Kubo et al. fail to specifically disclose N Ix2 switches couples to NxM optical switch. Frascolla et al. disclose the WDM layer-based OChP device further includes: NIx2 optical switches couples to NxI optical switch (see FIG.8 where in plurality of Ix2 optical switches).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to modify Kubo et al. with the teaching of Frascolla et al. so as to use optical switches lx2 and increase the protection channels with switching technique

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from working channels to protection channels and vice versa in the WDM transporting system because it would allow the WDM transporting system improving the reliability as the number of protection channels increase and back up for the failure working channels.

Regarding to claims 9 and 18, Frascolla et al. and Kubo et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claims 6 and 15). In addition, Kubo et al. disclose routing low-priority traffic via the protection channels when the protection channels do not carry signals (see paragraph [0041] lines 28-29 and FIG.4).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to modify Frascolla et al. with the teaching of Kubo et al. so as to increase the protection channels with switching technique from working channels to protection channels and vice versa in the WDM transporting system because it would allow the WDM transporting system improving the reliability as the number of protection channels increase and back up for the failure working channels.

## Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-18 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Dzung D Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-

3025. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM - 7:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jason Chan, can be reached on (571) 272-3022. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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Dzung Tran

12/25/2008

/Dzung D Tran/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2613

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